Almost **136,000** young people approached their local authorities in 2022-23 because they were homeless or at risk of homelessness.

1 in **52** young people is homeless or at risk in the UK.

A young person in England is 46% more likely to be homeless or at risk of homelessness than a young person in Scotland, 38% more likely than in Northern Ireland and 8% more likely than Wales.
Since the introduction of the Homelessness Reduction Act in 2017 (HRA), more than 60% of the cases where a young person approached their local authority in England to seek assistance ended without the young person being supported into housing.

Outcomes for young people since the introduction of the HRA

<table>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% Assessment rate</td>
<td>79%</td>
<td>71%</td>
<td>66%</td>
<td>68%</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Offered support by local authority</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>62%</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>56%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Positive outcomes</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>37%</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>33%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Reasons for homelessness

1. Family or friends no longer willing or able to accommodate [54%] ↑
2. Domestic abuse [11%] =
3. Eviction from a private, social or supported housing tenancy [9%] ↑
4. Landlord wishing to sell or re-let the property [4%] ↑
5. Non-violent relationship breakdown with partner [4%] =

Young women are almost five times more likely than young men to be homeless or at risk due to domestic abuse.

The number of young people facing homelessness due to evictions increased by more than 40% during the financial year 2022/2023.

Source: Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities